CLINICAL MICROBIOLOGY REVIEWS. Jan. 1990. p. 46-65

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The Life and Times of the Enterococcus

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	INTRODUCTION					46
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	IDENTIFICATION AND					
	Presumblive Identification				•••••	4/
	Species Identification					48
	Typing Schemes					49
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cocci into four divisions; pvogenic, viridans, lactic, and	malodoratus were all distinct; that "S. faecium var. mobi-
enterococcus. The latter term was used for organisms that	
(for the most part) grew at 10 and 45°C. in 6.5% NaCl. and at	
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split esculin was also noted (191). Many of these character-	- chickens, designated S. gallinarum, were distinct from S.
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	Test		Enterococci	Lactococci	Aerococci	Pediococci	Leuconostocs	Lactobacilli
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Vancomycin Reaction wit	resistance ^b h streptoc <u>occal grour</u>	D antiserum	<1 80	0	0 0	100 95	100	90 25
	positive	4 <u></u>	99	75	60	100	90	50
Bile-esculin								
Bile-esculin					W.s. 17			

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-1	glvcerol_whereas_most_ <i>E_faecium_</i> but_not_ <i>E_faecalis_</i>	scheme. using both phage and enterococcines. with over 900
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*	produce acid from melibiose and L-arabinose (43, 65, 66,	enterococci from two hospitals (114). A large percentage
	187)_Several biochemical reactions can be suggestive of the	(79%) could be typed into one of 25 phage types, although
·		
	other enterococcal species (42, 43, 66, 69). E. casseliflavus, for example. is motile and produces vellow pigment: E.	61% belonged to a single phage type. Seventy-nine percent could also be placed into one of six enterococcine groups
- - 	mundții produces vellow pigment and is not motile; E.	which consisted of 85 enterococcinotypes; half belonged to
	eallinarum is motile but does not produce vellow pigment:	one group. When phage typing was combined with entero-
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<u>.</u>	Vol. 3, 1990	THE LIFE AND TIMES OF THE ENTEROCOCCUS 51
ı <u></u>	the patient or with the presence of polymicrobial bacteremia	the third most common cause of nosocomial UTIs, causing
<u>ا</u>	(193). Nine of 14 diabetics, 6 of 10 patients with malienancy	14.7% in the 1984 report (36). As will be discussed further
≝ i÷	or granulocytopenia, 7 of 8 with renal failure, and 3 of 5	below, the hospital setting is complex and a number of
<u> </u>	alcoholics died (193). In the study by Malone et al., the	factors may contribute to acquisition of enterococcal urinary
	mortality was 44%; this study did not assess the same factors	infection. including frequent instrumentation. prior therapy
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		And
30	rapidly or ultimately fatal underlying disease were signifi-	tated patients, and transmission of resistant organisms.
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- -	cantly associated with increased mortality (130). In Maki and	
	cantry associated with increased mortanty (150). In Maki and	

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underlying disorder. In a 1961 review, 12 of 294 cases of	terococci have also caused acute salpingitis, peripartun
meningitis appeared to be caused by enterococci: many of	maternal infection (such as endometritis) with bacteremia
inclinights abbeared to be caused by enterococer. many of	
these patients were said to have had a long-term primary	and abscess formation following Cesarean section (83, 122

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	The use of antimicrobial agents lacking enterococcal ac-	environment in which antimicrobial agents are heavily used;
-	vity has been implicated as an important factor in the	the hospital setting provides the antibiotics which eliminate
	evelopment of enterococcal superinfection (16, 46, 74, 98,	or suppress susceptible bacteria, thereby providing a selec-
		No. 2 Martin Jacob Control Con
-	37. 176. 207. 230). Moellering reviewed 2.107 patients	tive advantage for resistant organisms, and the hospital also
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tr	reated with moxalactam and found that 2.1% developed an	provides the potential for dissemination of resistant entero-
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e	nterococcal superinfection during or shortly after moxalac-	cocci via the usual routes of nosocomial spread.
+~		Antimianakial majatanga ang kadinidad inta tuka panaral
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D;	atients who had a UTI: of note. 28 of these 38 had urinary	types. that which is an inherent or intrinsic property and that
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ampicillin, and other penicillins in broth macrodilution svs-	agar (91). When enterococcal strains were tested in urine
	* p. c.
tems are tvpically >100 μg/ml (7. 113. 139).	the mean MIC increased 60-fold: this effect was reversed by
	¥7.7
A notable weakness of cephalosporins is that none of	methotrexate (235). In addition to the problems with MIC
these agents routinely inhibits enterococci sufficiently to	determination. there are also conflicting reports as to
	StorS
	ettere Baser Higher
 warrant its clinical use. MICs of cephalothin range from 6.3	whether or not TMP/SMX is bactericidal against enterococc

because its rate of transposition is increased by exposure to ______tobramycin, but not to streptomycin (100). In 1983, several

low_levels_of_erythromvcin (211).

reports, including two from my laboratory, documented

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	of enterococci have been resistant to tetracycline (1. 6).	gentamicin and to all aminoglycosides. including gentamicin
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	Several different genes have been found. including tetl.	and streptomycin. In these studies, which included strains
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	(which is contained in the well-studied plasmid $pAM\alpha 1$) and	from Houston, Tex., Bangkok, Thailand, and Santiago,

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A	abstr. no. 1121. 1989). Working with Jan Patterson. we have	of 39.5 kilodaltons (223b). Although it is postulated that this
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	and found that, although the restriction endonuclease diges-	Ala-D-Ala. the mechanism is not vet understood. One of the
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·	tion patterns are different, there is extensive homology	vancomvcin resistance genes has been cloned, and a probe
	hotware most of these where the (140, D) (() () () ()	for an this stars in hydroidings on the solution of the stars of the solution of
>	between most of these plasmids (149: Patterson et al., 28th	from this strain hybridizes only with enterococci with high-
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	patients for whom an extracardiac source cannot be identi-	patients and animals with enterococcal endocarditis are also
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	fied, particularly when the enterococcus is present in pure	cured by penicillin alone, these results are not surprising.
	culture and was community acquired (129). Whether or not	Again. however, care must be taken with generalizations,
	n	EVe er .
	these lengthy regimens are truly necessary or whether	since failures of ampicillin to cure endocarditis in patients
		¥5.0
14 A	shorter courses or single-drug therapy will suffice is not	infected with a strain of E. faecalis resistant to multipide
	·	
-	known	aminoglycosides have been reported (76. 108). It should also
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	Endocarditis. Therapy of enterococcal endocarditis has	be reiterated that, in the absence of HLR, ampicillin plus an
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	mend testing for beta-lactamase since the organism mav	TABLE 2. Zone of inhibition around antibiotic disks
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strains and Mueller-Hinton agar plus blood. the lower-	discrepant strains were not reported (198). The disk method
	NOT COMPANY AND COMPAN
content disks gave zones of 6 mm for streptomycin. genta-	and the in-house broth microdilution method also detected
	·····
micin, and kanamycin and 6 to 10 mm for tobramycin: on	three of three streptomycin-resistant E. faecium strains;
Mueller-Hinton agar without blood, the zones were 6 to 7 mm for all four agents. On Mueller-Hinton agar plus blood,	none of seven E. faecium strains had HLR to gentamicin.
synergy-susceptible strains had zones of ≥ 14 mm for strep- tomycin and ≥ 20 mm for gentamicin, tobramycin, and	Recommendations for Screening for HLR to
kanamvcin: on Mueller-Hinton agar without blood. zones	Aminoglycosides
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tobramycin and >10 mm for kanamycin (Table 2) The	method currently appear highly reliable for detecting E.

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<u> </u>	cocci have displayed resistance to essentially every useful	gallinarum sp. nov. and Streptococcus oralis sp. nov. Int. J.
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