u	260	260 B,A.C.R. 16TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING		
	one-tenth <u>of wha</u> t	they were 25 years ago.	to as little as 50 parts/10 <sup>6</sup> could	<u>ca</u> use
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	identify specific	occupational risks of lung	_organs. The results also demonstrat	ed an
	identify_specific	occupational risks of lung	_organs. The results also demonstrat	ed an
	identify_specific cancer now, in th	occupational risks of lung	organs. The results also demonstrat apparent relationship between the dos	ed an
	identify_specific cancer now, in th	occupational risks of lung	organs. The results also demonstrat apparent relationship between the doc	ed an se and
	identify_specific cancer now, in th	occupational risks of lung	organs. The results also demonstrat apparent relationship between the dos	ed an
	identify_specific cancer now, in th	occupational risks of lung	organs. The results also demonstrat apparent relationship between the dos	ed an se and

in the general population. For many years duration of exposure and the eventual

there have been indications of a risk from neoplastic response.

## INDUSTRIAL CARCINOGENESIS

	Where the consequences of over-exposure are	communication on a wide enough scale are	
	immediate and grave, the issues are relatively	simply not practicable. The importance of	
·	simple; the carcinogens, together with chronic	local liaison committees is great but it is the	
	toxins such as lead, present a far more difficult problem. The idea of "zero expo-	lowest link in the information chain which is hardest.	
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	<u>restricted is to be banned. This may in</u>	the mass media for good or ill. Consequently.	
-	some instances be a right decision but it	this emphasizes the need for great self-	
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