

acetylaminofluorene it appears that the ultimate consists of agents which cause base pair

carcinogen is the sulphate ester of the substitutions in DNA as a consequence of

N-hydroxy metabolite. The dialkyl nitro- replication errors, *e.g.* base analogues and

samines represent a class of chemically inert some (but not all) alkylating agents (such as

but insufficient data were available for pounds for mutagenic activity to determine

reliable statistical evaluation. Since these whether this correlation holds good for

early observations, a number of thorough inorganic compounds. Using a mutation