Learning by Doing:

Early Operation of the Portico Archiving Service

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Portico's Mission

To preserve scholarly literature published in electronic form and to ensure that these materials remain available to future generations of scholars, researchers, and students.



Portico's History

- In 2002, JSTOR initiated a project known as the Electronic-Archiving Initiative, the precursor to Portico.
- The goal was to facilitate the community's transition to secure reliance upon electronic scholarly journals by developing a technological infrastructure and sustainable archive able to preserve scholarly ejournals.
- Portico was launched in 2005 by JSTOR and Ithaka, with support from The Andrew W. Mellon Foundation.
- Portico is a not-for-profit organization with a mission and singular focus to provide a permanent archive of electronic scholarly journals.



Portico's Approach: Content Scope

In scope:

- Electronic scholarly, peer reviewed journals
- Intellectual content of the journal, including text, tables, images, supplemental files
- Limited functionality such as internal linking

Out of scope:

- Full features and functionality of publisher's delivery platform
- Ephemeral look and layout of today's HTML rendition of a journal



Portico's Approach: Migration Supplemented with Byte Preservation

- Publishers deliver "source files" of electronic journals (SGML, XML, PDF, etc.) to Portico.
- Using specialized software Portico converts
 proprietary source files from multiple publishers to an
 archival format suitable for long-term preservation.
 Portico's preservation format is based on the NLM
 Archiving DTD.
- Source and normalized files are deposited in the archive. Once deposited, content must remain in the archive. To date more than 260,000 articles are archived.
- Portico migrates files to new formats as technology changes.



Portico's Approach: Access

- Portico offers access to archived content to only those libraries supporting the archive.
- Portico's delivery infrastructure leverages JSTOR's existing technology and investment.
- Access is offered only when specific trigger event conditions prevail and when titles are no longer available from the publisher or other sources.



Portico's Approach: Access

- Trigger events include:
 - -When a publisher ceases operations and titles are no longer available from any other source.
 - -When a publisher ceases to publish and offer a title and it is not offered by another publisher or entity.
 - -When back issues are removed from a publisher's offering and are not available elsewhere.
 - -Upon catastrophic failure by publisher delivery platform for a sustained period of time.



Portico's Approach: Access

- Trigger events initiate campus-wide access for all libraries supporting the archive regardless of whether a library previously subscribed to the publisher's offering.
- Until a trigger event occurs select librarians at participating libraries are granted password-controlled access for archive audit and verification purposes.
- Libraries may rely upon the Portico archive for postcancellation access, if a publisher chooses to name Portico as one of the mechanisms designated to meet this obligation.
- To date 70% of participating publishers have elected this option.



Sources of Support

- Support for the archive comes from the primary beneficiaries of the archive - publishers and libraries.
- Contributing publishers supply content and make an annual financial contribution ranging from \$250 to \$75,000 depending upon journal revenues.
- To date more than 5,300 journals have been promised to the Portico archive. Participating publishers come from across the spectrum, for example:
 - –Elsevier (commercial)
 - –Oxford University Press (university press)
 - American Institute of Physics (scholarly society)
 - -The Berkeley Electronic Press (e-only publisher)



Sources of Support

- Libraries make an Annual Archive Support (AAS)
 payment based upon total library materials
 expenditures. AAS payments range from \$1,500 to
 \$24,000 annually.
- All libraries that initiate support for Portico in 2006 and 2007 are designated "Portico Archive Founders" and make a significantly reduced AAS payment.
- To date more than 130 libraries are Portico Archive Founders. Participants range from Grove City College to the University of California system.



Emerging Themes and Lessons: Publishers

- Publishers understand the library market now demands robust preservation arrangements.
- Publishers want to be a part of the archiving solutions that libraries support.
- Publishers are developing multi-layered strategies.



Emerging Themes and Lessons: Libraries

- Libraries are actively evaluating the scope of their archival responsibilities and options for meeting these.
- Multi-layered strategies responding to library needs to preserve a wide array of e-content are beginning to emerge.
- Breadth of archival strategy varies with institutional size.
- E-preservation strategies and print collection management strategies can usefully inform one another.



Emerging Themes and Lessons: Implications

- Libraries should continue to make their preservation needs and preferred strategies known to publishers.
- Publisher and library preservation strategies benefit from being informed by one another.
- Overt communication of archival strategies or intentions assists both parties.



Emerging Themes and Lessons: Archive Operations

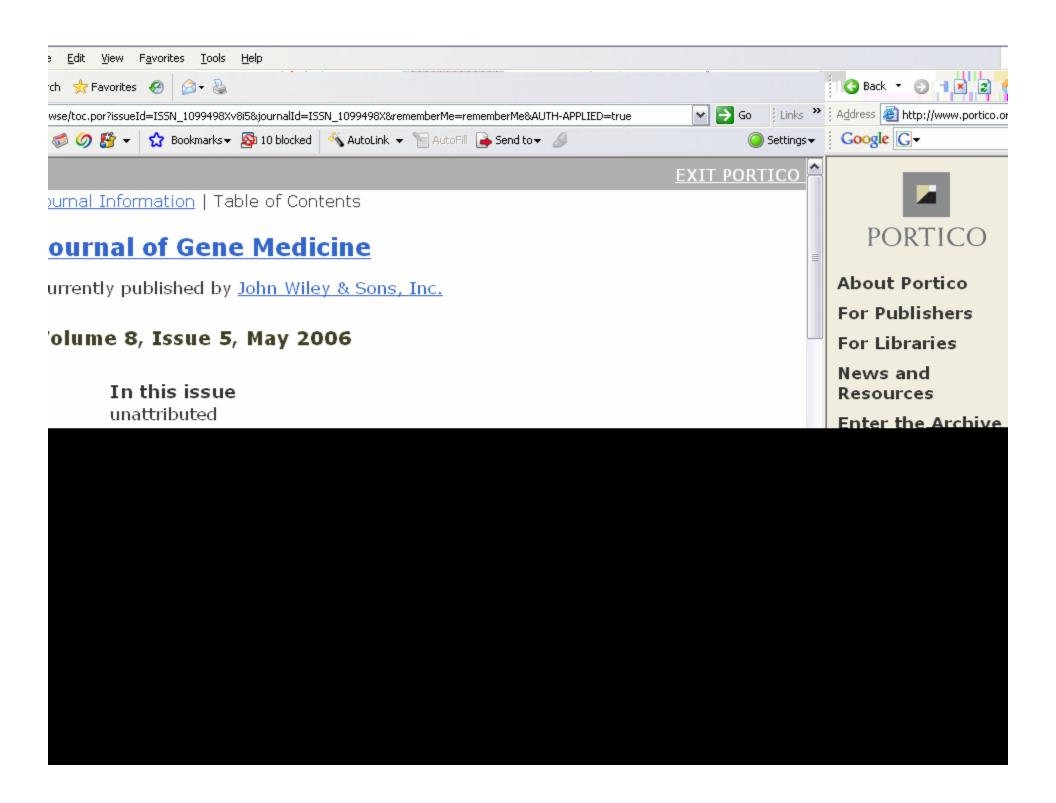
- Like digital preservation, electronic publishing is still evolving. Best practices are still emerging.
 - -Publishers' platforms, formats and data structures are shifting.
 - –E-journal content is now frequently in 3 formats: current e-formats, early e-formats and digitized print.
 - Archives must be prepared to respond to and influence - the complexity of this still shifting landscape.

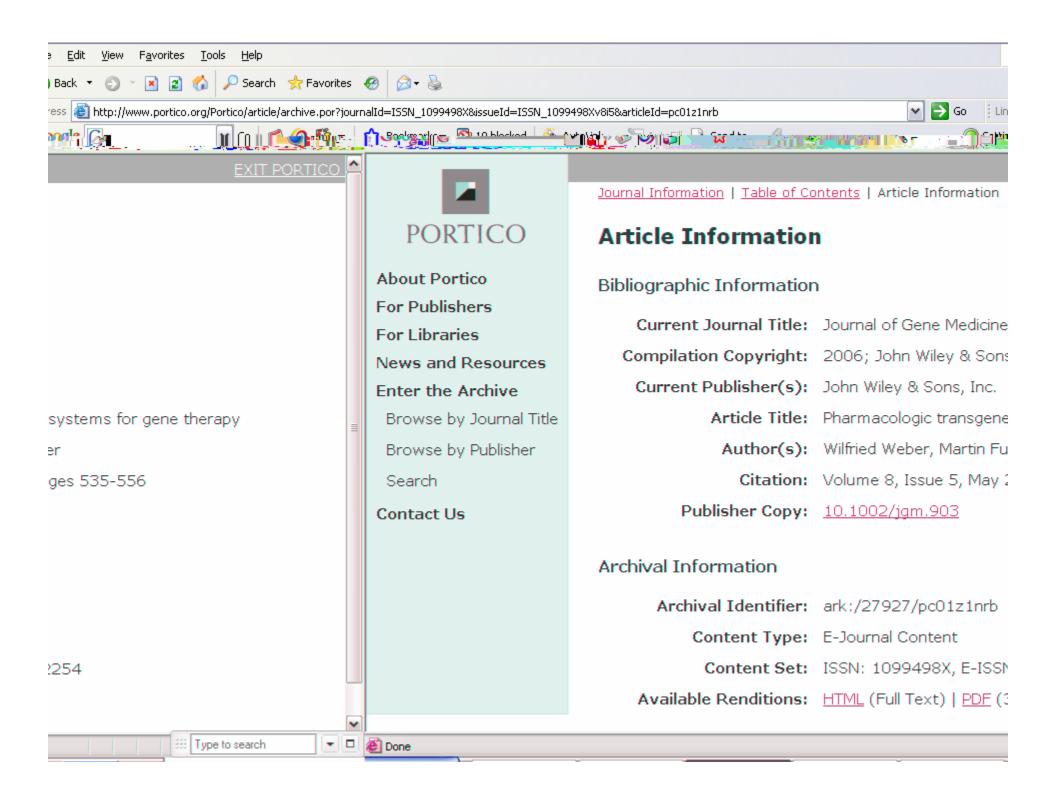


Emerging Themes and Lessons: Archive Operations

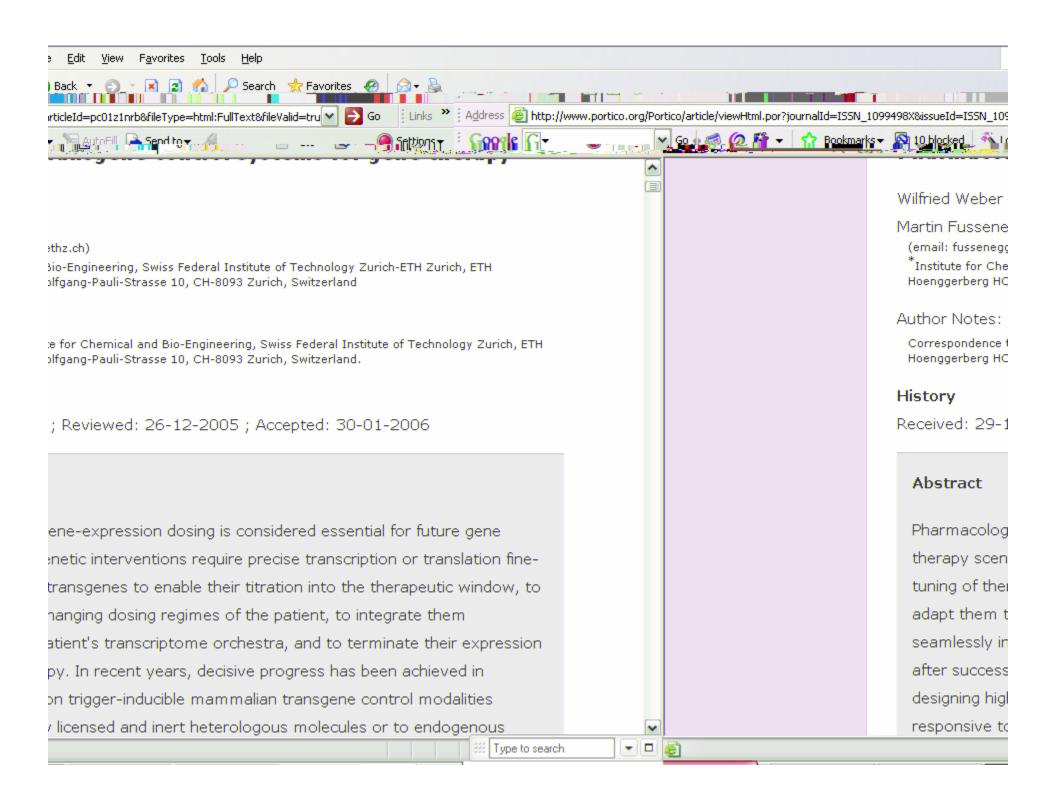
- Gathering and communicating holdings information is challenging.
 - Publishers do not have readily available publication histories or inventories.
 - -Gathering holdings information in a machinereadable way is a challenge.
 - Absent solid holdings data, affirming completeness of the archive is difficult.
 - Communicating holdings data across all interested parties – publishers, libraries, archives – extremely difficult.
 - -This is a fruitful and important research area.

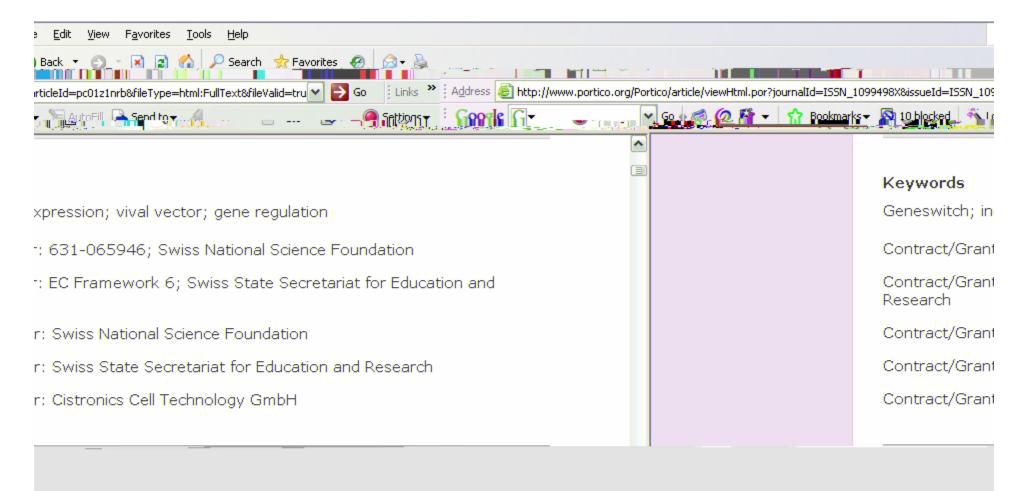








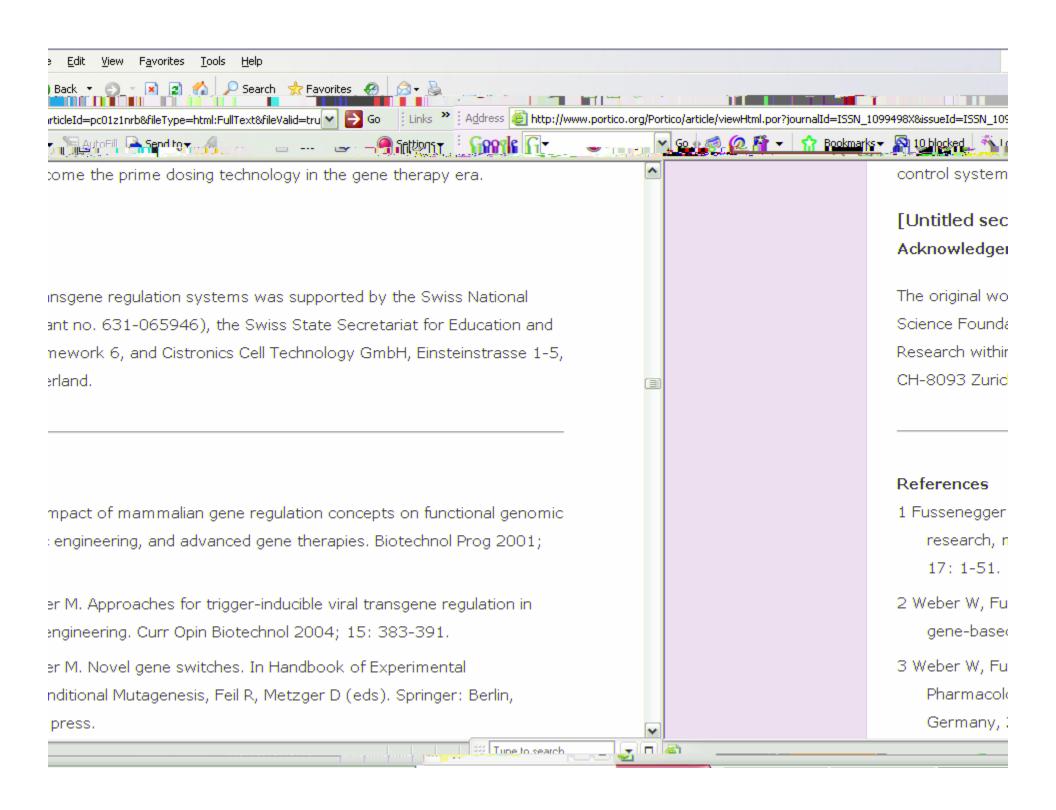




Introduction

Gene therapeutic interventions in the we operating in the human body require (se optimal fine-tuning of therapeutic transgespecific needs of the patient [1-3]. Received design have resulted in a portfolio of general-molecule drugs such as antibiotics

trated and multi-regulated gene networks
hetic trigger-inducible gene switches for
ession levels and kinetics to meet the
ces in heterologous transgene control
tion systems responsive to clinically licensed
teroid hormone analogs [8], [9], rapamycin



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